

METHOD, APPARATUS, AND PROGRAM FOR IMAGE GENERATION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to an image generation method and an image generation apparatus for generating serial reproduction digital video data in the form of a slide show wherein still image data and/or digital video data digital video data obtained by a digital camera and the like are reproduced
10 serially. The present invention also relates to a program that causes a computer to execute the image generation method.

Description of the Related Art

 Following the spread of digital cameras, various still image data and digital video data can be obtained. In addition,
15 various software called authoring tools have been provided for generating an image in the form of a slide show whereby still image data and digital video data are edited together on a personal computer.

 By using such an authoring tool, a catalog of thumbnail
20 images of still image data sets and digital video data sets is displayed, and a desired one of the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets is selected one by one from the catalog for generating an "movie". The selected still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are laid out in order of
25 preference, and a digital video data set in the form of a slide

show (hereinafter referred to as serial reproduction digital video data) is then generated.

Meanwhile, various methods have been proposed for easily editing multimedia information such as still image data and digital video data. For example, a method of smoothly changing data format has been proposed in Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2000-149043. In this method, when a scenario is generated for reproducing multimedia information, an actual file as a material to which the scenario is linked is linked to an actual file of the multimedia information generated by conversion of the data format thereof. In this manner, the data format can be changed smoothly. In Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2000-350150, a method of efficiently editing an image by reproducing an image at a desired speed has also been described.

However, even in the case where the method described in Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2000-149043 or 2000-350150 is used, the still image data sets and the digital video data sets included in the serial reproduction digital video data need to be selected manually from a plurality of still image data sets and digital video data sets, which makes generation of the serial reproduction digital video data tedious.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been conceived based on

consideration of the above circumstances. An object of the present invention is therefore to easily generate serial reproduction digital video data in the form of a slide show.

Still image data sets and digital video data sets obtained
5 by a digital camera are written in a folder of a memory card according to time of generation thereof or the like, and the present invention pays attention to this fact.

An image generation method of the present invention is a method of generating serial reproduction digital video data
10 wherein still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are reproduced serially, and the image generation method comprises the steps of:

receiving collective selection of the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in a predetermined recording
15 unit; and

generating the serial reproduction digital video data by arranging the selected still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in predetermined order.

In the image generation method of the present invention,
20 the predetermined recording unit may be a folder wherein the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are stored.

In the image generation method of the present invention, the predetermined order may be determined based on accompanying information attached to the still image data sets and/or digital
25 video data sets.

The accompanying information refers to tag information of the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in the case where the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are data sets of Exif format. The tag information includes information such as the date and time of photography, a file name, a photography location, and a data size regarding each of the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets. By referring to the information, the predetermined order is determined.

An image generation apparatus of the present invention is an apparatus for generating serial reproduction digital video data wherein still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are reproduced serially, and the image generation apparatus comprises:

selection reception means for receiving collective selection of the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in a predetermined recording unit; and

digital video data generation means for generating the serial reproduction digital video data by arranging the selected still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in predetermined order.

In the image generation apparatus of the present invention, the predetermined recording unit may be a folder wherein the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are written.

In the image generation apparatus of the present invention, the digital video data generation means may determine the predetermined order based on accompanying information attached to the still image data sets and/or digital
5 video data sets.

The image generation method of the present invention may be provided as a program that causes a computer to execute the image generation method.

According to the present invention, selection of the
10 still image data sets and/or digital video data sets is received collectively according to the predetermined recording unit, and the serial reproduction digital video data are generated by arranging the selected still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in the predetermined order. Therefore, a user
15 who generates the serial reproduction digital video data can generate the serial reproduction digital video data wherein the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets are arranged in the predetermined order by simply selecting the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets in the
20 predetermined recording unit.

Furthermore, collective selection of the still image data sets and/or digital video data sets can be carried out easily by using the folder as the predetermined recording unit.

By determining the predetermined order according to the
25 accompanying information, the still image data sets and/or

digital video data sets can be arranged easily in the serial reproduction digital video data.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a block diagram showing a configuration of an image generation apparatus of an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 shows an example of a folder structure;

Figure 3 shows an example of thumbnail images displayed on a monitor;

Figure 4 shows an example of serial reproduction digital video data; and

Figure 5 is a flow chart showing procedures carried out in the embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Hereinafter, an embodiment of the present invention will be explained with reference to the accompanying drawings. Figure 1 is a block diagram showing a configuration of an image generation apparatus in the embodiment. The image generation apparatus generates serial reproduction digital video data in the form of a slide show from still image data sets and/or digital video data sets obtained by photography with a digital camera.

As shown in Figure 1, an image generation apparatus 1 in this embodiment comprises reading means 11 such as a card reader, input means 12, control means 13, a ROM 14, a RAM 15, a media drive 16, and a monitor 17. The reading means 11 reads still

image data sets and/or digital video data sets obtained by photography with a digital camera 20 from a memory card 21. The input means 12 comprises a keyboard and a mouse used for various kinds of inputs. The control means 13 controls the image generation apparatus 1. The ROM 14 stores a control program for driving the control means 13. The RAM 15 is used as a work area. The media drive 16 records various data in a recording medium M such as a CD-R or a DVD-R. The monitor 17 is used for display.

The still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets obtained by the digital camera 20 are recorded in folders in the memory card 21. Figure 2 shows an example of a structure of the folders. A folder "\DCIM" comes the highest in a hierarchy of the folders, and folders "\100-FUJI", "\101-FUJI" and the like storing the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets are recorded under the \DCIM folder. In the example shown in Figure 2, the still image data sets and the digital video data set having file names "DSCF0001.JPG", "DSCF0002.JPG", "DSCF0003.AVI", and "DSCF0004.JPG" are written in the folder \100-FUJI. The extensions "JPG" and "AVI" represent still image data sets and digital video data sets, respectively.

The ROM 14 stores the control program, and the control program drives the control means 13. More specifically, the control means 13 selects the still image data set or the digital

video data set having the file name that comes first in each of the folders as a representative image, according to the control program. The control means 13 generates a thumbnail image of the representative image, and displays the thumbnail
5 image on the monitor 17.

Figure 3 shows an example of the thumbnail images of the representative images in the respective folders shown on the monitor 17. The control means 13 receives selection of one of the thumbnail images via the input means 12. If a "Generate"
10 button 30 is clicked, the control means 13 generates a serial reproduction digital video data set R0 in the form of a slide show, by arranging in order of photography the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets stored in the folder corresponding to the selected thumbnail image. In this
15 embodiment, the folder \100-FUJI has been selected.

Figure 4 shows an example of the serial reproduction digital video data set R0. The serial reproduction digital video data set R0 contains repetitive images of each of the still image data sets in the selected folder and moving images
20 represented by the digital video data sets in the folder. The number of the repetitive images is determined so as to enable reproduction of each of the still images as a slide-show style moving image for 4 seconds, for example. The time is not necessarily limited to 4 seconds, and a user can set the time.

25 Character information such as a frame number and the date

of photography can be added as a caption for each of frames in the serial reproduction digital video data set R0. Furthermore, audio data (such as tune 1 in Figure 4) can be used for each of the image data sets. For example, the image data set
5 DSCF0001.JPG in Figure 4 has the caption "100-0001" representing the folder name and the file name and the caption "2002/6/28" representing the date of photography, and the tune 1 is given as background music.

In this manner, the caption and a sound such as the
10 background music can be reproduced during image reproduction. The user sets the caption and the music to be added, by using the input means 12.

In the case where the digital camera 20 has a function of recording a sound during photography, the still image data
15 sets may comprise image files and audio files representing the sound recorded at the time of photography. In such a case, the audio files comprising the still image data sets may be included in the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 during generation of the serial reproduction digital video data set
20 R0, as shown by the file DSCF0002.JPG in Figure 4.

The operation of this embodiment will be explained next. Figure 5 is a flow chart showing procedures carried out in the embodiment. The reading means 11 reads the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets stored in the folders
25 in the memory card 21 (Step S1). The thumbnail image of the

representative image of each of the folders is generated (Step S2), and displayed on the monitor 17 (Step S3). Whether instructions for selecting one of the thumbnail images and for generating the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 have been input is judged (Step S4). If a result at Step S4 is affirmative, the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets stored in the selected folder are arranged in order of photography, and the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 is generated (Step S5) to end the operation.

The serial reproduction digital video data set R0 is displayed on the monitor 17 as a moving image in a slide show style, by a reproduction instruction from the user. The serial reproduction digital video data set R0 can be recorded in the recording medium M such as a CD-R or a DVD-R by the media drive 16.

As has been described above, according to this embodiment, by instructing generation of the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 after selection of the folder storing the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets, the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets in the selected folder are arranged in order of photography to generate the serial reproduction digital video data set R0. Therefore, the user can generate the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 having the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets in order of photography, by simply selecting the

folder.

In the above embodiment, the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 is generated by arranging the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets in order of photography.

5 However, the serial reproduction digital video data set R0 may be generated by arranging the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets in order of file names. In the case where the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets are of Exif format and tag information thereof has
10 information on photography locations, the serial reproduction image data set R0 may be generated by arranging the still image data sets and/or the digital video data sets in order of photography locations (from north to south, for example).